SNOWWEB 3.0

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Introduction

The purpose:

To create a network of wirelessly connected, cost-effective, and reusable short term weather stations for high resolution data collection in Antarctica

This presentation:

Design

Sensors

Wireless Capabilities 2012-13 Season 2013-14 Season



Design Criteria

Low unit cost

Light weight

Easy to deploy and recover

Real-time wireless reporting and control



Basic Design

Guyed mast and tripod







Electronic Design

- PVC pod for electronics
 - Lithium batteries (solar charged)
 - Designed in-house
 - XBee Pro S2B transceiver, GPS, microSD, ATmega μC







Physical Design

- Plug and play in the field, modular
- 30 min. setup/teardown per node
- 4 per skidoo (1 box + masts) ~60 kg





Sensors

- NRG cup anemometer
- NRG wind vane
- SHT75 temperature/RH
- BMP085 pressure





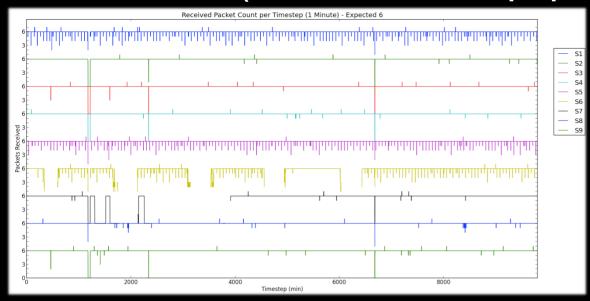






Wireless

- 2.4 GHz up to 10 km range L.O.S
- Omnidirectional antenna (6 to 15 dBi)
- ZigBee (802.15.4)
- Reliable (>99% excl. equipment failure)







2012-13

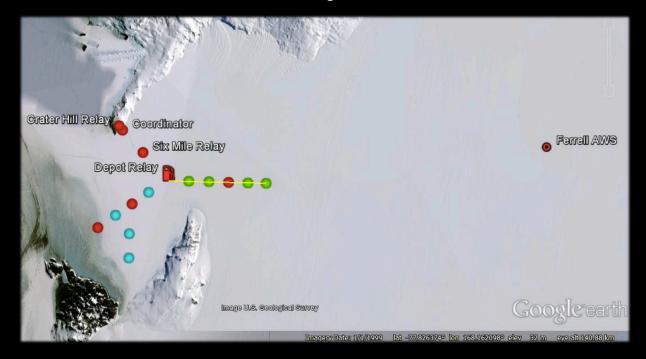
12 stations near Scott Base





2013-14

- 15 stations around tip of White Island
- 4 to Alexander Tall Tower
- November to January





2013-14 Ideal

- 15 stations toward Ferrell AWS (100 km)
- 6 White Island, 4 to Alexander Tall Tower
- November to January





Questions? Comments?

