Automatic Weather Station Program 2011-2012 Field Season Report

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The National Science Foundation's Office of Polar Programs funds the University of Wisconsin's Automatic Weather Station Program to design, fabricate, deploy, and maintain an array of automatic weather stations (AWS) in remote areas in Antarctica in support of meteorological research, applications and operations. The basic AWS units measure air temperature, wind speed and direction at a nominal height of 3 meters above the surface. Air pressure is measured at the height of the AWS electronic enclosure. Some units measure relative humidity at 3 meters above the surface and the air temperature difference between 0.5 and 3 meters above the surface at the time of installation. A small, but increasing number of AWS sites measure snow accumulation and/or solar radiation. The data are collected by the ARGOS Data Collection System (DCS) on board the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and MetOp (EUMETSAT) series of polar-orbiting satellites. This year saw an increase in the stations using Freewave modems to transmit to a receiving station in McMurdo. The AWS units are located in arrays for specific research activities and are also used for operational purposes. Any one AWS may support several experiments and all support operational meteorological services - especially support for weather forecasts for aircraft flights around the Antarctic continent. This was the 32nd field season for project O-283 (formerly S-283) under the direction of Principal Investigators (PI) from the University of Wisconsin – Madison.

Research areas supported over the years include:

• Barrier wind flow along the Antarctic Peninsula and the Transantarctic Mountains

• Katabatic wind flow down the Byrd and Beardmore Glaciers, the Siple and Adelie Coast

- Mesoscale circulation and sensible and latent heat fluxes on the Ross Ice Shelf
- The Ross Ice Shelf Air Stream.
- Climatology of long operating AWS sites, in particular Byrd and Dome C sites
- Meteorological support for the West Antarctic Ice Sheet Initiative
- Long Term Ecological Research (LTER) along the Antarctic Peninsula
- Meteorological support for United States Antarctic Program flight operations

<u>The following are a sampling of historically supported principal investigators funded</u> by NSF-OPP:

- Dr. Douglas R. MacAyeal: Iceberg Drift in the Near-Shelf Environment, Ross Ice Shelf, Antarctica.
- Dr. Ray Smith, Long Term Ecological Research: Racer Rock, Bonaparte Point, and Santa Claus Island.
- West Antarctic Ice Sheet Initiative: Siple Dome and West Antarctic Divide drilling sites.
- Dr. John Cassano: The Ross Ice Shelf Air Stream
- Aircraft Operation: All AWS sites in Antarctic.
- The Antarctic AWS units support many investigators outside of NSF-OPP.

AMRC collaboration:

- Climatological analysis from the AWS, and other stations (complimenting the activities in the SCAR READER project).
- Continued data collection, archival and distribution of AWS data.
- Continued educational outreach activities (as outlined in the above section and in the following outreach section).
- Utilities developed to generate climatological analyses from AWS observations.

Field work:

One of the unique aspects of maintaining the AWS observational network is the necessary fieldwork. A full time job in and of itself, keeping a network of 50 to 70 AWS systems operating, even with international partners, requires a devoted effort of AWS fabrication and repair team members doubling as field personnel. Flying to remote places around the Antarctic and dealing with polar weather conditions makes maintenance a challenge. The success of the AWS network would not be possible without the support of all those who help, directly or indirectly. Thanks go to Ken Borek Air, the 109th New York Air National Guard, PHI Helicopters, Raytheon Polar Services, our international partners in France, Australia, United Kingdom, Japan, New Zealand and China, and especially the Office of Polar Programs at the National Science Foundation in the USA.

For the 2011-2012 field season, the field team consisted of Jonathan Thom (O-283), and Lee Welhouse (O-283) from the University of Wisconsin-Madison Space Science Engineering Center, and John Cassano (O-283), and Alice DuVivier (O-283) from the University of Colorado- Boulder. Jonathan Thom and Lee Welhouse deployed to McMurdo on November 4th, 2011 for the early portion of the season which consisted of updating a number of stations in the Ross Island region to Freewave transmitters, some AWS service work in the Ross Ice Shelf as well as the consolidation of the stations in Cape Hallett. Jonathan Thom departed McMurdo on December 7th, 2011 for return to Madison. Lee Welhouse completed the middle portion of the season, which consisted of work out of Siple Dome station, WAIS-D camp, Byrd camp, and South Pole Station though weather issues would require a return to Byrd camp later in the season. John Cassano and Alice DuVivier arrived in McMurdo on January 2nd, 2012 to complete the final portion of the season. The final portion of the season consisted of work out of Byrd Camp done by Lee Welhouse and Alice DuVivier, and workon the Ross Ice Shelf and the Ross Island region completed by John Cassano and Alice DuVivier.

Summary of 2011/2012 field season for O-283:

Sabrina faulty pressure sensor replaced, program updated, and compact flash card replaced 11/15/2011

Tom power system replaced, compact flash card replaced 11/15/2011

Elaine instrumentation was raised 11/15/2011

Windless Bight instrumentation was raised 11/17/2011

Cape Hallett LTER station consolidated with New Zealand AWS at AWS location 11/20/2011

E-66 French Station fully removed 11/27/2011

Minna Bluff removal of old enclosure and antenna 11/28/2011

Minna Bluff installation of new enclosure and antenna 11/30/2011

Marble Point II installation of new freewave station 12/1/2011

Cape Bird removed old enclosure and instrumentation and installed new freewave station 12/2/2011

Lorne removed old enclosure and instrumentation and installed new freewave station 12/3/2011

Siple Dome removed old argos station and installed new argos station 12/8/2011

Kominko-Slade removed old station, installed new station and consolidated snow temperature probe. 12/17/2011

South Pole Test Station removed all instrumentation, enclosures and batteries 12/29/2011

Lorne removed yagi antenna and enclosure, installed argos antenna, enclosure was installed later by Lars Kalnajs of O-324 01/14/2012

Harry raised instruments 01/19/2012

Mary full removal of the enclosure, instruments, and one 7 foot tower section. 01/20/2012

Erin raised instruments 01/21/2012

Siple Dome adjusted wind speed direction 01/21/2012

Alexander Tall Tower inspected tower and retrieved data 01/26/2012

Schwerdtfeger Installed new batteries 01/31/2012

Carolyn replaced AWS and raised instruments 02/04/2012

Lettau 02/04/2012

Manuela replaced AWS station with new enclosure and instruments 02/07/2012

Amsler Island AWS placed by Jim Bockheim

Cierva Cove AWS placed by Jim Bockheim

Argos AWS							
8695	Vito	AWS2S	78.509oS	177.746oE	@+52		TX OK
					@+4		
8697	Eric	AWS2S	81.504oS	163.940oE	5		TX OK
8983	Carolyn	AWS2S	79.964oS	175 . 842oE	@+52		AWS installed Feb 2012
8900	Harry	AWS2B	83.003oS	121.393oW	945		AWS serviced Jan 2012
Freewave	Cape Bird	AWSCR1000	77.224oS	166.440oE	@42		TX OK
8901	Cape Bird	AWS2B	77.224oS	166.440oE	@42		Replaced day 335 2011
8902	Butler Island	AWSCR1000	72.207oS	60.160oW	91	89266	TX OK
8903	Bvrd	AWSCR1000	80.007oS	119.404oW	1530	89324	ТХ ОК
8904	Dome Fuii	AWSCR1000	77.31oS	39.70oE	3810	89734	ТХ ОК
8905	Manuela	AWS2B	74.946oS	163.687oE	80	89864	OFF. Wind out - Belfort
8905	Manuela	AWSCR1000	74 946oS	163 687oE	80	89864	New AWS test data Jan 13
8906	Marble Point	AWS2B	77 43905	163 754oE	@108	89866	
Freewaye	Marble Point	AWSCR1000	77 43905	163 754oE	@108	89866	
New 2011 8907	New AWS 2011	AWS test ID	//.45505	100.70401	<u>u</u> 100	05000	Madison WI
8008	Marlono	AWSCR1000	83 6505	167 AOF			
8000	Port Martin		66 82oS	107.40E	20		
0909		AWSCD1000U	00.0203	141.400E	55		OFF
2008	Cape Denison	WS	67.00905	142 664oF	31		OFE Day 161 2011
0303	Receivelt Ic	VV 5	07.00303	142.00401	51		011 Day 101, 2011
8910	land	AWSCR1000	80.00°S	165 00°W	@67		TX OK/Turn off NI 115
8911	Gill	AWSCR1000	79 98505	178 611oW	@07 @54	89376	
8012	011	AWS2B	68 91205	134 655oF	<u>w</u> 5+	03370	
8012	Schwordtfogor		70.875oS	170 105 °E	@54	80868	TX OK
0915	Schwerdneger	AW 32D	/9.0/303	1/0.1050E	<i>w</i> 54	03000	Removed 331 2011(site inac
8914	F-66	AWS2B	68 91205	134 655oF			tive)
New 8915	Sabrina	AWSCR1000	84 25 S	169 98 W	୍ଭ ୫୫		TX OK visited 2011/12
8016	D-47	AWSCR1000	70.42605	134 146oF	@00		
8017	Ski_Hi	AWSCR1000	70,42005	70 488 M	1305	80272	TX Infraguent check
0917	Delay Station	AWSCR1000	74.79203	/0.4000W	2252	09272	
0910	Tem	AWSCR1000	74.01703	43.0020E		09/44	
8020	Tolli Fossil Pluff	AWSCR1000	71 33oS	68 283oW	<u>100</u> 63	2006E	
<u> </u>	Possii Diuli	AWSCRI000	/1.3303	64.067-147	03	09005	
0921	Bonaparte Politi	AWSCRIUA	04.//003			09209	
8922	Bear Peninsula	AWSCR1000	TBD	TBD			
8923	Evans Knoll	AWSCRI000	1BD	IBD	IBD	00700	
8924	INICO	AWS2B	89.00005	89.6690E	2935	89/99	
8925	Limbert	AWSCR1000	75.42205	59.8510W	40	89257	
8926	Larsen Ice	AWSCR1000	66.949oS	60.897oW	17	89262	ТХ ОК
New 2011 8927	AGO 4	AWSCR1000	82.017 S	96.767 E	3565		TX OK
8928	Lettau	AWSCR1000	82.518oS	174.452oW	55	89377	OFF Day 208
8929	Ferrell	AWS2B	77.865oS	170.819oE	@45	89872	TX OK
8930	Thurston Island	AWSCR1000	TBD	TBD	TBD		TX OK
8931	Brianna	AWS2B	83.889oS	134.154oW	@525		TX OK, Low Battery
8932	Dismal Island	AWSCR10X	68.087oS	68.825oW	10		TX OK
	New AWS -	AWSCR1000H-					
New 8933	HWS	WS					Hobart found to be returned
					(72)@		
8934	Marilyn	AWS2B	79.954oS	165.130oE	64	89869	TX OK
8935	Santa Claus I	AWSCR1000	64.964oS	65.670oW	25		TX, <mark>Data issues</mark>
8936	Janet	AWSCR1000	77.17 S	123.39 W			TX OK
8937	Pegasus North	AWSCR1000	77.990oS	166.568oE	@5		TX OK
8938	Siple Dome	AWS2C	81.656oS	148.773oW	@668	89345	Replaced day 335 2011
New 2011 8939	McMurdo	AWSCR1000					
8947	Ferrell II	AWSCR1000	77.865oS	170.819oE	@45	89872	TX OK
8980	Emilia	AWSCR10X	78.509oS	173.114oE	@+50		TX OK
8981	Mount Siple	AWS2DH	73.198oS	127.052oW	230	89327	OFF Day 214/Low Batteries
8982	Windless Bight	AWSCR10X	77.728oS	167.703oE	61		ТХ ОК
					@+5		
8983	Mary	AWSCR10X	79.303oS	162.968oE	8		Removed Jan 2012
8984	Possession Is.	AWSDH	71.891oS	171.210oE	30	89879	TX OK/Low Battereies
8985	Henry	AWS2B	89.011oS	1.025oW	2755	89108	TX OK/Low Battereies
New 2011 8986	Mcmurdo	AWSCR1000					

Sabrina

Visited on 11/15/2011 Pilots: Ted and Braden (KBA) Field Team: Jonathan Thom and Lee Welhouse Location 84.25°S, 170.07°W

Instrumentation: Upper and lower temperature: R.M. Young RTD probe Humidity: Vaisala HMP 155 Wind speed and Direction: RM Young Wind Monitor Acoustic Depth Gauge (ADG): CSI Canada SR50A Pressure: Vaisala Pressure Sensor Radiation Sensor: LI200X

Heights: ADG: 89" Humidity: 104" Enclosure: 104" Lower temperature: 30.5" Upper temperature: 169" Wind: 175"

Sabrina pressure readings had failed soon after installation. The Paroscientific pressure sensor was replaced with a Vaisala PTB110 pressure sensor. The compact flash card was replaced and a new program was uploaded to the station for the new pressure sensor. Some loose cables were tied down. All data was nominal when we departed and Argos

transmissions were received.



Sabrina after visit

Tom

11/15/2011 Pilots: Ted and Braden (KBA) Field Team: Jonathan Thom and Lee Welhouse Location: 84.43°S, 171.48°W

Instrumentation: Upper and lower temperature: R.M. Young RTD probe Humidity: Vaisala HMP 155 Wind speed and Direction: RM Young Wind Monitor ADG: CSI Canada SR50A Pressure: Paroscientific Pressure Gauge Radiation Sensor: LI200X

Heights: ADG: 136" Humidity: 112" Enclosure: 89" Lower temperature: 45" Upper temperature: 193" Wind: 208"

Tom experienced a total power system failure during the winter. The station resumed transmitting as the sun came up, but only when solar panel was in full sun. The power system was replaced with new batteries, charge controller and solar panel. The compact flash card was replaced and the station restarted. All data was nominal when we departed and Argos

transmissions were received.



Tom after visit **Elaine**

11/15/2011 Pilots: Ted and Braden (KBA) Field Team: Jonathan Thom and Lee Welhouse Location: 83.094°S, 174.285°E

Instrumentation: Upper Temperature: R.M. Young RTD Probe Snow Temperature: Weed Platinum Resistance Thermometer (PRT) Humidity: Vaisala HMP 155 Wind speed and Direction: RM Young Wind Monitor ADG: CSI Canada SR50A Pressure: Vaisala Pressure Sensor Radiation Sensor: LI200X

Heights: ADG: 25" Humidity: 36" Enclosure: 44" Lower temperature: snow temperature Upper temperature: 94" Wind: 118"

Elaine was working, but some instrumentation needed to be raised and changed location. The ADG boom was raised and the pyranometer was moved to the ADG boom. The CR1000 firmware was updated to the current version and a new program was uploaded. The compact

flash card was recovered. However, the compact flash card was not readable and the data could not be recovered.

The new ADG height is 90" and the new pyranometer height is 105"

The station will need to be raised in one to two years. When the station is raised a new 14plate radiation shield for the HMP155 should be used to replace the current radiation shield. Bring the small U-bolts for the CSI cross-arm mount plates as the incorrect U-bolts were used to mount the plates to the tower.





Elaine before raise Windless Bight

Elaine after raise

11/17/2011 Snowmobile trip to Windless Bight Field Team: Jonathan Thom and Lee Welhouse Location 77.726°S, 167.684°E

Instrumentation: Upper and lower temperature: R.M. Young Resistance Temperature Device (RTD) probe Humidity: Vaisala HMP 155 Wind speed and Direction: RM Young Wind Monitor ADG: CSI Canada SR50A Pressure: Vaisala Pressure Sensor Radiation Sensor: LI200X

Heights: ADG: below snow surface Boom: 46" Box: bottom of the box in the snow

The station needed to be raised as the bottom of the box was in the snow and the ADG boom was buried about two feet beneath the snow. The station was raised one 7-foot tower section. Argos transmission was received after the station was powered back up.

Final Heights: ADG: 86" Box: 73"

Boom: 144" Antenna: 137"



Windless Bight Before **Cape Hallett**

Windless Bight After

11/20/2011 Field Team: Jonathan Thom and Lee Welhouse Locations: Removed LTER AWS: S 72 19.183' E 170 13.623' Current AWS: S 72 19.199' E 170 13.597' Camp Site: S 72 19.440' E 170 12.502'

Instrumentation: Upper temperature: R.M. Young RTD probe Humidity: Vaisala HMP 45 Wind speed and Direction: RM Young Wind Monitor ADG: CSI Canada SR50A Pressure: Paroscientific Pressure Sensor Radiation Sensor: CNR2 and Photosynthetically active radiation sensor (PAR) Soil Moisture probes

Two-night trip to Cape Hallett with Cindy Dean and John Rand. Moved LTER station to the location of the New Zealand AWS to incorporate the soil moisture and temperature sensors. The heights of the LTER station will be the same as when the station was originally installed.

The stakes holding the LTER station were not recoverable from the permafrost. The three stakes were buried below the surface.

Final Heights: ADG: 65" Box: 49" RTD: 76" Wind: 119" HMP: 105" PAR: 112" Net Radiometer: 71" Solar in: 120" Solar out: 108"





Cape Hallett before consolidation Minna Bluff

Cape Hallett after consolidation

11/25/2011 and 11/26/2011 Field Team: Jonathan Thom and Lee Welhouse Location: 78.555°S, 166.691°E

Minna Bluff was visited twice over two days. The first trip involved removing the old antenna and AWS enclosure. On arrival at the site, the existing Freewave Yagi antenna was hanging loosely on the tower. Although the antenna was loose, connections were made periodically to the station. The second trip we installed the new Minna Bluff enclosure and a new Freewave Yagi Antenna. The new enclosure will allow data and power connections with the ozone instrumentation. The new Yagi has a much more robust antenna mount and should not loosen as the other one did. The polarization of the antenna is still horizontal.

Instrumentation: Temperature: Weed PRT Humidity: Vaisala HMP 45 Wind speed and Direction: Taylor High Wind Speed System ADG: None installed Pressure: Vaisala Pressure Sensor Radiation Sensor: None installed

Heights: Boom: 87"



Minna Bluff after visit Marble Point II

12/01/2011 Field Team: Jonathan Thom and Lee Welhouse Riggers: Jay Cairns, Alec Chin Location: 77.439°S, 163.759°E

We installed a second AWS at Marble Point east of the existing AWS. Jay Cairns and Alex Chin from the rigger shop helped with the installation of the new tower. The new AWS relays data via Freewave. The Marble Point AWS is a repeater site for Cape Bird AWS. The new installation went well and everything was operating nominally.

Instrumentation: Upper and lower temperature: R.M. Young RTD probe Humidity: Vaisala HMP 155 Wind speed and Direction: RM Young Wind Monitor ADG: CSI Canada SR50A Pressure: Paroscientific Pressure Sensor Radiation Sensor: LI200X

Heights: ADG: 116" Pyranometer: 124" Box: 34" Lower temperature: 85" HMP: 213" Upper temperature: 213" Wind: 231"



Marble Point II after installation Cape Bird

12/05/2011 Field Team: Jonathan Thom and Lee Welhouse Location: 77.217°S, 166.439°E

Existing Heights: Boom: 110" Box: 43"

Replaced the AWS at Cape Bird with a new Freewave based AWS. The tower section was replaced with a stainless steel tripod. The power system was reused. The power system for the AWS should probably be replaced next year. There was a lot of corrosion on the connectors and the solar panel has lost most of its back coating.

Instrumentation: Temperature: R.M. Young RTD probe Humidity: Vaisala HMP 155 Wind speed and Direction: RM Young Wind Monitor ADG: CSI Canada SR50A Pressure: Paroscientific Pressure Sensor Radiation Sensor: None installed

Heights:

Box: 20" Pressure: 39" HMP: 70" ADG: 113" Wind: 127" Temperature: 135"





Cape Bird Before

Cape Bird After

Lorne

12/03/2011 and 01/14/2012 Field Team: Jonathan Thom and Lee Welhouse Location: 78.222°S, 170.0145°E

Existing Heights: Box: 47" Boom: 122"

Replaced the AWS at Lorne with a Freewave based AWS. We were unable to make a Freewave connection to McMurdo while we were in the field. This may be due to the distance and low angle of the Lorne Yagi. The Freewave modem was replaced later in the season. If possible we may try and install a repeater site on White Island in the future, which would involve reinstalling a Freewave modem at this station.

Instrumentation: Upper and lower temperature: R.M. Young RTD probe Humidity: Vaisala HMP 155 Wind speed and Direction: RM Young Wind Monitor ADG: CSI Canada SR50A Pressure: Paroscientific Pressure Sensor Radiation Sensor: LI200X Heights: Box: 51" Lower temperature: 81" Pyranometer/ADG boom: 130" Upper temperature: 206" Wind: 228"



Lorne after freewave install **Willie Field** 12/04/2011 Field Team: Lee Welhouse, Jonathan Thom

Update the AWS enclosure with a freewave radio and antenna. The station is now connected into the Freewave network. The CR1000 at Willie Field displayed some hardware issues. The serial number is not visible through "Device Configuration" and there are issues with the CF card writer. The CR1000 module should be replaced in the future and the existing CR1000 returned to Campbell Scientific for evaluation. There were gaps in the data written to the CF card.

Instrumentation: Upper and lower temperature: R.M. Young RTD probe Humidity: Vaisala HMP 45 Wind speed and Direction: RM Young Wind Monitor ADG: CSI Canada SR50A Pressure: Vaisala Pressure Sensor Radiation Sensor: None installed

Heights Lower temperature: 29" Box: 61" Upper temperature: 130" HMP: 130" Wind: 149"



Willie Field after Freewave conversion

Siple Dome

12/08/2011 and 01/21/2012 Field Team: Lee Welhouse Location: 81.656°S,148.772°W

Existing boom: 18"

Upon arrival station was mostly buried. The old enclosure and boom were removed, a new tower section was added to increase the height and a new station was installed. This station may be moved closer to the Siple Dome refueling station. The later visit was to adjust the direction of the aerovane as it was improperly oriented.

Instrumentation: Upper and lower temperature: R.M. Young RTD probe Humidity: Vaisala HMP 155 Wind speed and Direction: RM Young Wind Monitor ADG: CSI Canada SR50A Pressure: Paroscientific Pressure Sensor Radiation Sensor: LI200X

Lower Temperature: 79" Enclosure: 63" Acoustic Depth Gauge: 72" Pyranometer : 82" High temperature: 123" Humidity sensor: 123" Aerovane: 136"



Siple Dome before

Kominko-Slade

02/17/2011 Field Team: Lee Welhouse Assisted by: August Allen Location: 79.466°S, 112.1062°W

The old station was removed, except for the snow temperature string which is connected through a secondary enclosure to the new station. The new station was successfully installed with assistance.

Old Heights: Lower boom: at surface Lower enclosure (snow string): 16" Middle temperature boom: 40" Primary enclosure (AWS): 60" AWS Boom: 125"

Instrumentation: Temperature: R.M. Young RTD probe, Weed PRT and snow profiles Humidity: Vaisala HMP 155 Wind speed and Direction: RM Young Wind Monitor ADG: CSI Canada SR50A Pressure: Paroscientific Pressure Sensor



Siple Dome after

Radiation Sensor: CNR2

New Heights: Lower boom: 64" Secondary enclosure: 63" Primary enclosure: 40" Acoustic Depth Gauge: 112" Lower Temperature: 121" Humidity: 232" High Temperature: 232" Wind: 248"



Kominko-Slade before reinstall **South Pole**



Kominko-Slade after reinstall

12/30/11 Field Team: Lee Welhouse

The test station was successfully removed and returned to McMurdo. All batteries, tower sections, and instrumentation were recovered.



Test station before removal

AGO 4

12/30/11 Field team: Michelle Brown Location: 82.01°S, 96.76°E

Most of my time at the AGO was spent installing an Automated Weather Station (AWS). The AWS will record information about the weather at AGO 4, providing important data for scien-

tists and the public (including my classes) to study. I installed the towers, enclosure, and instrumentation.

Instrumentation: Temperature: R.M. Young RTD probe Humidity: Vaisala HMP 155 Wind speed and Direction: RM Young Wind Monitor ADG: Not installed Pressure: Paroscientific Pressure Sensor Radiation Sensor: LI200X

Heights: Temperature: 92" Humidity: 82" Wind speed: 116" Enclosure: 42" Radiation Boom: 70"



Ago4 station mid install **Harry**

01/19/2012 Field Team: Lee Welhouse and Alice DuVivier Location: 83.005°S, 121.4033°W

This day we attempted to visit Harry, Brianna, and Erin. The region around Brianna was found to be heavily crevassed, so no visit was viable. Harry was the only station available,

upon visiting the station was raised by a single tower section.

Instrumentation: Temperature: Weed PRT Wind Speed: Belfort/Bendix Aerovane Humidity: Vaisala HMP 45 Pressure: Paroscientific Pressure Sensor

Heights before raise: Enclosure: 10" Solar panel: 45" Boom: 59"

Heights after raise: Boom: 143" Enclosure: 66" Jct. Box: 31" Solar Panel: 108"



Harry before raise



Harry after raise

Mary

01/12/2012 Field Field team: John Cassano Helo crew: Flo and John (heli-tech) Morale: Lisa and Dan Location: 79.310°S, 163.037°E Remove Mary AWS. Removed boom, solar panel, AWS enclosure, junction box, lower boom / ADG, and one 7' tower section. All other tower sections, anchors, and battery boxes were left at the site.

Instruments: Temperature: Weed PRT Wind speed and direction: RM Young Wind Monitor Humidity: Vaisala HMP 45 Pressure: Paroscientific Pressure Sensor

Instrument heights: Upon arrival the AWS enclosure, junction box, and lower boom/ADG were all buried. Boom: 65"



Mary before removal

Erin:

1/21/2012 Field team: Lee Welhouse Location: 84.90269°S, 128.8528°W

The station was found to be partially buried, with the junction box, solar panel, and main instrument boom being above surface. The instruments were raised by two 7' tower sections,

and the station transmitted successfully. Issues with temperature, wind speed, and delta-T were discovered later.

Instruments: Temperatures: Weed PRT Wind speed and direction: RM Young Wind Monitor Humidity: Vaisala HMP 45 Pressure: Paroscientific Pressure Sensor

Initial heights: Junction box: surface solar panel: 16" Boom: 37"

Heights after raise: Boom: 212" Enclosure: 112" lower temp: 99"



Erin before raise

Alexander Tall Tower

01/26/2012

Field Team: John Cassano, Alice DuVivier Riggers: Jay Cairns, Alec Chin Location: 79.0387°S, 170.661°E

Removed 1GB memory card and installed a new memory card. The tower was inspected by



Erin after raise

the riggers and it appeared to be in good condition. The guy wires were retensioned and the tower was vertical.

Heights: Level 1 anemometer: 35" Level 1 temperature: 24" Level 2 anemometer: 73" Level 2 temperature: 61" AWS enclosure: 80"



Tall tower

Schwerdtfeger

01/31/2012 Field team: John Cassano, Alice DuVivier Twin Otter crew: Mark and Derek Morale: Trish and Mimi Location: 79.837°S, 170.271°E The station was found to be in good condition. Two new battery boxes were installed, the height of the station didn't require raising.

Instruments: Temperature: Weed PRT Wind speed and direction: Belfort/Bendix Aerovane Humidity: Vaisala HMP 45 Pressure: Paroscientific pressure sensor

Instrument heights: Jct. box: 35" AWS enclosure: 48" Solar panel: 74" Boom: 152"



Schwerdtfeger after visit **Carolyn**

02/04/2012 Field team: John Cassano, Alice DuVivier Twin Otter crew: Mark and Derek Morale: Carey and Kathyrn Location: 79.920°S, 175.917°E The batteries were checked, and reported 12.6 V from each battery box, with12.6 V recorded at the AWS enclosure. We disconnected and reconnected the power and checked for data transmission with no successful transmission recorded. The AWS was replaced with AWS 8983 (removed from Mary on 20 Jan 2012). A 7' tower section was added and the junction box, AWS, solar panel, and boom were all raised. We removed lower delta T boom, ADG, and ADG Campbell logger. All instruments appeared to be in good condition.

Instruments: Temperature: Weed PRT Wind speed and direction: RM Young Wind Monitor Humidity: Vaisala HMP 45 ADG: CSI SR50A Pressure: Paroscientific Pressure Sensor

Instrument heights after being raised (all heights to bottom of instrument): Jct. box: 44" Solar panel: 54" AWS enclosure: 71" Boom: 146"



Carolyn before raise



Carolyn after raise

Lettau

02/04/2012

Field team: John Cassano, Alice DuVivier Twin Otter crew: Mark and Derek Morale: Carey and Kathyrn Location 82.472°S, 174.596°W The power system was reporting 6.4V from each battery box, with the solar panel reporting 14V and 14V at the plug going to the CR1000. The CR1000 electronics gave no signal when a connection was attempted, so the enclosure was removed for return to Madison. All instruments appeared to be in good condition and the station did not need to be raised. It appears that there is a problem with the batteries (and possibly junction box?) and these should be replaced during the next site visit.

Instrumentation: Upper and lower temperature: R.M. Young RTD probe Humidity: Vaisala HMP 45 Wind speed and Direction: RM Young Wind Monitor ADG: CSI Canada SR50A Pressure: Vaisala Pressure Sensor Radiation Sensor: LI200X

Instrument heights (all heights to bottom of instrument): Lower T: 37" Jct. box: 76" AWS enclosure: 88" HMP: 108" ADG / Pyranometer: 134" Solar panel: 174" Upper T: 193"



Lettau before enclosure removal Manuela

02/07/2012 Field team: John Cassano, Alice DuVivier Rigger: Dan Mahon Helo pilot: Christopher Dean Location: 74.945°S, 163.692°E Instrumentation: Temperature: Weed PRT Humidity: Vaisala HMP 45 Wind speed and Direction: Taylor High Wind Speed System ADG: None installed Pressure: Vaisala Pressure Sensor Radiation Sensor: None installed

We removed old AWS, batteries, and tower, installed a new 7' tower and re-anchored it to the rock surface. A CR1000 (ID 8905) AWS, 5-prong antenna, high wind system, and boom with T and RH were installed.

Note: The boom was oriented with the wind speed sensor pointing towards 350 degrees.

Instrument heights were not measured. The boom was at the top of the 7 foot tower.



Manuela prior to removal



Manuela after new install

Amsler Island and Cierva Cove

Two AWS units installed by Jim Bockheim's group this year. These stations are located at 64°46'S, 64°04'W, and 64°09'S, 60°57'W respectively. They are measuring air temperature, relative humidity, rainfall, solar radiation, wind speed and direction, and soil moisture, temperature and electrical conductivity at four depths.

Summary of AWS 2012-2013 Field Season Meeting:

Station visits planned:

Elaine will need to be raised and new radiation shield for the HMP 155 RH sensor Windless Bight will need to be raised and potentially replaced with a freewave AWS White Island will be a new AWS install, if approved, with Freewave/relay Lorne will be replaced with a freewave station if a White Island relay station is installed Willie Field the CR1000 was having issues and will need repair. Pegasus North the CR1000 was having issues and will need repair.

Lettau the electronics were removed to Wisconsin for repair, so they will need to be reinstalled

Port Martin will be a new AWS installation.

Cape Denison will be a new AWS installation.

Elizabeth will be in need of a raise.

Vito will require a raise.

Emilia will require a raise.

Margaret will require a raise, replacing the data card, and basic servicing.

Ferrell I/II one of these stations will be removed.

Nascent potentially needs a visit for a raise.

Erin is having issues with some of the data so will require a visit for repair.

Brianna crevasses were found in the vicinity during the 2011-2012 season, depending on conditions removal if satellite imagery shows the area is more open.